



Dejezmatch Solomon Abraha Hagos Mirach WoldeKidan

The Final Verdict

Part - 3

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September 16, 2018

¹ The Author opposes Nedemer with Ethiopians as well opposes Agazian ideologies.

#12 Imperfect Prince

Luul Dejazmatch Mengesha Kahsay Mirach is the son and heir-to-the-throne according the will of King Yohannes IV. Mengesha was born to Yohannes and Yohannes's sister-in-law.



The Biological Twist of Roots in the Royals

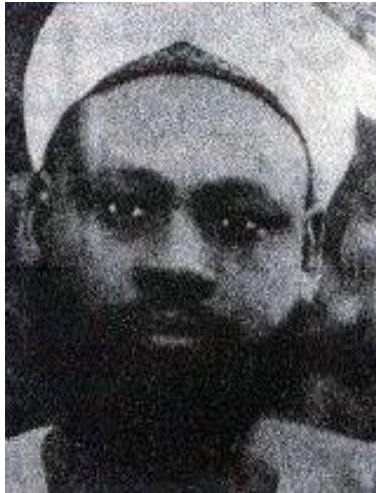
Luul Dejazmatch Mengesha Kahsay Mirach, posed here proudly on an horse, is the biological son of King Yohannes IV. However, he is an illegitimate son of the King. Mengesha's father is Kahsay Mirach WoldeKidan (King Yohannes IV) and Mengesha's mother is Emebiet (Madam) Welette TekleHaymanot Tomcho. Emebiet Welette is the wife of Gugsu Mirach. Gugsu Mirach is the older brother of Kahsay Mirach.

Luul Dejazmatch Mengesha Kahsay is the father of Lelt (princess) Attenash Mengesha. Lt. Attenash married Ato Abraha Hagos Mirach in July 10, 1896. Lt. Attenash is the grandmother of Isayas Afewerki and Ato Abraham is the grandfather of Isayas.

See Part-1, Page 5, #4 The Mirachs Dynasty (ስርወ ንግስነት እንዳ ምራቅ)



THE KHALIFA



WEDI MIRACH



CONTRA

Battle Of Gallabat
March 9, 1889

WEDI MIRACH has several medals of honour on his chest, among them:

- ✓ Danish commander Soren Adolph Arundep (Killed: Battle of Gundet, 1875)
- ✓ Arakil Bey¹ Nubar, nephew of Ismail Ibrahim Pasha,² Khedive³ of Egypt . . (Killed: Gundet)
- ✓ Lieutenant Colonel Rustem Naghi Bey (Killed: Battle of Gundet, 1875)

¹ "Bey" is an Ottoman rank equivalent to Dejezmatch (ደጅማች).

² "Pasha" is equivalent to Ras (ራስ).

³ "Khedive" is equivalent to Viceroy (እንደራሴ).

- ✓ Austrian cavalry officer Count Wilhelm Zichy (Killed: Battle of Gundet, 1875)
- ✓ Rashid Pasha (Killed: Battle of Gurae, 1876)
- ✓ Osman Bey Naghib (Killed: Battle of Gurae, 1876)
- ✓ Dr. Muhammad Ali Pasha (Killed: Battle of Gurae, 1876)
- ✓ Naghib Bey Muhammad (Killed: Battle of Gurae, 1876)

THE KHALIFA

Al-Mahdiyyah Sudanese Ansar Movement from it's rise in 1881 to it's fall in 1889, under two leaders, the founder Mohammed Ahmad ibin-Abd Allah and the successor Abd Allah ibn-Mohammed Al'Khalifa (The Khalifa) have countless medals and the precious Tally I and Tally II.

See Page 19, #13 [THE KHALIFA](#) Left photo is the successor Abd Allah ibn-Mohammed Al'Khalifa.

- ✓ In total 25 Battles involving Mahdi warriors against Anglo-Egyptian or Abyssinian forces.
- ✓ The Battle of Shaykan, November 3-5, 1883, Mahdi attacked Anglo-Egyptian forces under the command of Colonel William Hicks (Hicks Pasha), in the woods of Shaykan near Kashgil, 48 k/m south of El Obeid.

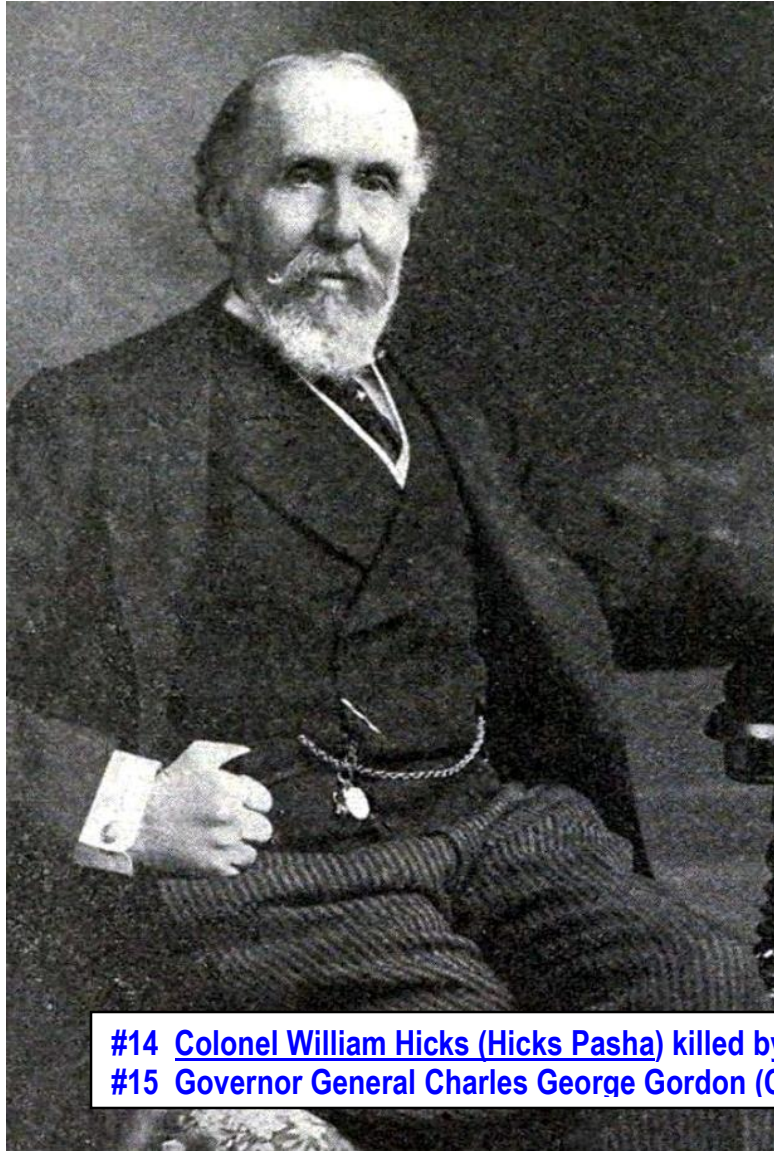
10,000 Egyptian force including 13 Europeans were annihilated by the Mahdi, only 300 managed to escape. Hicks Pasha was killed in the battle. Hicks's head was cut off and taken to the Mahdi leader. Tally I. [See Page 22, #14 Colonel William Hicks](#)

- ✓ **Siege of Khartoum**, the Mahdi besieged the Anglo-Egyptian force in Khartoum for ten-months (March 13, 1884 to January 26, 1885).
- ✓ Finally the Mahdi broke into the city and the entire garrison of Anglo-Egyptian soldiers was destroyed.
- ✓ The famous British Governor General Charles George Gordon (Gordon Pasha) was killed in the Governor's Palace in Khartoum. Gordon Pasha's head was cut off and paraded to the public as trophy of the Mahdi victory. Tally II.

[See Page 22, #15 Governor General Charles George Gordon](#)

- ✓ **Battle of Abu Klea (Battle of Abu Tulayh)**, January 16-18, 1885, at Abu Klea, 112 k/m north-east of Khartoum, British Desert Column was dispatched from north Sudan in route to Khartoum to aid General Charles George Gordon, who was besieged in Khartoum by Mahdi forces. The Mahdi attacked the Desert Column at Abu Klea.

The decorated Major-General Sir Herbert Stewart, commander of the British Desert Column was wounded and later died of his wound. Several British soldiers were also killed.



#14 [Colonel William Hicks \(Hicks Pasha\)](#) killed by Mahdi, 1883, El Obeid, Sudan (Left)



#15 [Governor General Charles George Gordon \(Chinese Gordon\)](#) Killed by Mahdi, 1885, Khartoum (Right)

Continues on Part - 4

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